

COMMON LIZARDS OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA

PALAI LONG PAPUA NEW GUINEA —EDUCATION TODAY FOR TOMORROW— KWIK GUIDE #1 V. 2.2

Do not kill wildlife. We need to work hard to preserve the amazing wildlife of PNG for future generations. Think about preserving forests and wildlife for your children's children.

Noken kilim animal long bus. Yu mi mas wok hat long lukatuim kain kain animal long PNG. Tinting long lukatuim kain kain animal long bihain taim belong pikinini bilong pikinini bilong yu.

Uda dekenai idia noho mauri gaudia aladia lasi. Ita be namo ita gaukara goada inai mauri gaudia PNG lalonai naridia namo namo gabei mai natudia totona. Emui uda bona mauri gaudia naridia namo namo oi emu natuna ena natuna totona.

Do you know how many species of lizards are found in PNG? The answer is surprising. More than 250 lizard species live in PNG. Which lizards are found in your village?

Yu save long hamas kain kain palai istap long PNG? No ken kirap no gut long answer. Yu mi gat 250 kain kain palai stap insait long PNG. Wanem kain kain palai istap insait long liklik ples bilong yu?

Oi diba aria toadia idau idau hida PNG lalonai idia noho? Ena here be do oi hoa diba. PNG lalonai idia noho aria idau idau ena numera be 250. Edana aria be oi emu hanua dekenai idia noho?



PREHENSILE-TAIL SKINK
(*PRASINOHAMA PREHENSICAUDA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



RED-TAIL SKINK
(*LIPINIA PULCHRA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



BICARINATE FOUR-TOED SKINK
(*CARLIA BICARINATA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



MOURNFUL FOUR-TOED SKINK
(*CARLIA LUCTUOSA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



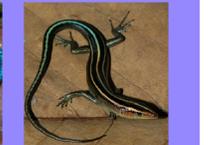
SNAKE-EYED SKINK
(*CRYPTOBLEPHARUS* sp.)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



MONKEY-TAILED SKINK
(*CORUCYA ZEBRATA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



BLUE-TAIL SKINK
(*EMOIA CAERULEOCAUDA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



PACIFIC BLUE-TAILED SKINK
(*EMOIA CYANURA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



'BLUE-BELLIED' SKINK
(*EMOIA CYANOGASTER*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



JAKAT SKINK
(*EMOIA JAKATI*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



KORDON TREE SKINK
(*EMOIA KORDONA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



RED MASTIFF SKINK
(*EUONGYLUS RUFESCENS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



EMERALD TREE SKINK
(*LAMPROLEPIS SMARAGDINA*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



LITTER FOUR-TOED SKINK
(*LYSISAURUS CURTUS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



GREEN SKINK
(*PRASINOHAMA VIRENS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



ST. AIGNAN ISLAND SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS AIGNANUS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



CRANE'S SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS CRANEI*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



FORBES SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS FORBESI*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



FRAGILE SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS FRAGILIS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



JOB'S ISLAND SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS JOBIENSIS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



LOUISIAD GECKO
(*CYRTODACTYLUS LOUISIADENSIS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



LAMP GECKO
(*GEHYRA LAMPEI* CF)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



MUTILATING GECKO
(*GEHYRA MUTILATA*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



BLACK-LINED SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS NIGROLINEATUS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



SOLOMON GROUND SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS SOLOMONIS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



BLUE-TONGUE SKINK
(*TILIGUA GIGAS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



PACIFIC CARINATED GECKO
(*NACTUS MULTICARINATUS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



BURTON'S SNAKE-LIZARD
(*LIALIS BURTONIS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



HOUSE GECKO
(*HEMIDACTYLUS FRENATUS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



RED-EYED CROCODILE SKINK
(*TRIBOLGNOTIS BRAGILIS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



BUTTRISS SKINK
(*SPHENOMORPHUS BIMUS*)
FAMILY SCINCIDAE



MODEST ANGLE-HEAD LIZARD
(*HYPSILURUS MODESTUS*)
FAMILY AGAMIDAE



BANDED-TAIL GECKO
(*GEKKO VITTATUS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



MOURNING GECKO
(*LEPIDODACTYLUS LUGUBRIS*)
FAMILY GEKKONIDAE



STRIPED DRAGON
(*LOPHOGNATHUS TEMPORALIS*)
FAMILY AGAMIDAE



PAPUAN SPOTTED MONITOR LIZARD OR KUNBU PALAI
(*VARANUS INDICUS*)
FAMILY VARANIDAE



Key to New Guinea Lizard Families



Key to New Guinea Lizard Families

- All lizards have an external ear-opening (located in front). The middle lizards from New Guinea and islands with no external legs (they have very small) (topside tail fin-like that are hard to see) (lizards are considered as true snakes have no external limbs). In addition, snake lizards have very long tails compared to true snakes (snake lizards have tail shorter as long as the body while true snakes)
1. Lizards present
 2. *Pygopodidae* (Snake-lizards)
 3. Eyes typically with movable eyelids (easily without in the *Scolobates* genus (*Pygopodidae*)), pupil round; scales on the back overlapping
 4. *Gehyra* (*Gehyra*)
 5. Eyes without movable eyelids; eyes oval-like with a narrow vertical slit; scales on the back small granular/reticulate and not overlapping; small body size (possible less than 50mm); often only active at night
 6. *Scolobates* (*Scolobates*)
 7. Scales on top of head (typically) covered with large regular plate-like scales that are immovable; scales often smooth and shiny
 8. *Agamidae* (*Crotaphytidae*)
 9. Scales with serrated/cornel; pupil round; small granular/reticulate and not overlapping scales; tongue broad and flat (broad, broad tongue); head heteropogon/ventral layer thin; forehead; outline body size (typically ranging from 100-300mm; often with a tail length less than 1 meter)
 10. *Varanidae* (*Varanidae*)
 11. Eyes with serrated/cornel; pupil round; small granular/reticulate and not overlapping scales; snake-like tongue; large body size (typically greater than 100mm; often with a tail length of more than 100mm)

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